

Secessionism And Separatism In Europe And Asia To Have A State Of Ones Own Politics In Asia

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How have Independence Movements in Europe Affected the EU's Unity? *Secession: Sovereignty* Nationalism [POLICYbrief] **Lesser-Known Separatist Movements** *The World's Leading Independence Movements | Part 1* ALL THE INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS IN EUROPE Who wants independence in Europe? | CNBC Explains *Catalonian Independence: Why Are Millions Fighting to Separate from Spain? - TLDR News* 7 Reasons Why States Resist Secession Secession is the Future — Bob Murphy @ PorcFest 2021 ~~The Myth of the Lost Cause: Revealing the Truth About the Civil War~~ **Secession and Independence | Your Questions Answered** New Caledonia | Why did it reject independence from France (again)? What if Texas Was an Independent Country? The Europe of Separatists Canada | Does Quebec still want independence? VIKTOR ORBAN: The EU's Disrupter-in-Chief? The World's Leading Independence Movements | Part 2 Thomas Sowell on Black History MYTHS Promoted by the Left Cascadia Explained

What if Cascadia Became Independent?

Why Quebec wanted to be Independent? What was the Biafran War? | The lasting legacy of Nigeria's civil war Serbia: Vojvodinas Hopes for Independence | European Journal Book Presentation: Resisting Europe The struggles for independence and the impact of redrawing borders | The Economist Active Separatist Movements Across the World : Part 1 Does Bosnia need a new constitution? What is Self-Determination? | The most misunderstood idea in international relations What Will Europe Look Like In 2025?

Active Separatist Movement in Russia in Countryballs Secessionism And Separatism In Europe the implosion of the Soviet empire produced the most successful wave of secessionism in modern times. Fifteen independent countries now exist in the post-Soviet space. The end of the Soviet Union, ...

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Secession as an International Phenomenon: From America's Civil War to Contemporary Separatist Movements
According to El País, Rajoy defended the strategy he used in Catalonia and warned of separatist movements ... "In light of the illegal secessionism clash, we are grateful for the support we had from ...

Rajoy warns France, Italy to watch out for independence movements
PM Sánchez appeared at the Council of Europe in Strasbourg last week to defend Spain ... Lozano of Global Spain blamed some "victories" of the separatist camp on "disinformation," "fake news" and ...

Global Spain vs. Catalan separatists: The ultimate PR battle
The accusations against him have sparked an outcry among fellow economists in the U.S., Europe and Asia. "Those of us who have treated professor Mas-Colell for many years as colleagues ...

Spain's Targeting of Former Harvard Professor Provokes Trans-Atlantic Outcry
Critics of the European Union used to play down its role as guarantor ... To equal voting with democracy is inaccurate, but powerful and clear. The separation of powers, the rule of law or respect for ...

Some lessons from the crisis in Catalonia
"Eventually, we will be consulting the Bangsa Moro people on whether to agree to the government offer and abandon secessionism, because in the end, they will have the final say," Kbalu said ...

300,000 Muslims begin to leave refugee centres
China can take the US, Europe, and Japan as its next goals for ... The party could not handle the various separatist regimes in Chinese society at that time including those by warlords or other ...

History will give the CPC's performance the highest level of rating
It was waged in the British Kenya colony between the Kenya Land and Freedom Army (KLFA), populated by the Kikuyu, Meru and Empu people of Kenya, against the white European settler overlords.

Buhari's Dot-In-a-Circle and Makinde's AK-47, By Festus Adedayo
Tong Ying-kit, the first person to be arrested under the national security law, has pleaded not guilty of inciting secessionism. Meanwhile, there has been another arrest at pro-democracy newspaper ...

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What does China's security law mean for Hong Kong?

It punishes anything Beijing deems as subversion, secessionism, terrorism and collusion with foreign forces with up to life in prison. "It will deepen jitters and uncertainties about whether Hong Kong ...

Secessionist movements are a fact of life and sometimes the interplay of demands becomes mutually exclusive and result in outbreaks of violence or indeed outright warfare. The contributors to this book provide a comparative survey of recent attempts at secession from across Europe and Asia and assesses the responses of the respective host governments. This volume will be an invaluable resource for those who wish to understand the dynamics of secessionist movements and as such will appeal to students and scholars of Asian and...

This book examines secessionism, separatism, and calls for independence in the European Union in recent history and within an economic context. It contributes to the deeper understanding of factors influencing the individual decision-making processes around secession, using economic analysis to answer a set of simple questions about who the secessionists are, what they really want, what their incentives are, and why it is easier to declare their secessionist tendencies than to vote for secession. This a highly topical theme, given the secessionist referenda in Catalonia, Scotland, Ukraine, Kosovo, and the United Kingdom, and this book offers a unique contribution to the debate. It is based on an exclusive survey carried out among members of the pro-independence parties and movements across 17 European countries and 56 European regions. It uses the instruments of the Political Economy of Conflict to reveal the importance of romantic and economic factors influencing the drive towards secession. Secessions have been regarded as a purely romantic phenomenon that cannot be rationalised, whereas this book connects the sensibility of romantic factors such as language, religion or ethnicity with the sense of economic factors through its rational, economic approach. Furthermore, it applies the standard methodology of microeconomic analysis to discover the impact of individual pro-secessionist factors. An integral part of the text presents a brief historic overview, uncovering the lesser-known path dependency. The book will find an audience among researchers, scholars, and students of economics and political science, as well as policy-makers and professionals engaged with a secessionist agenda.

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"The book is an excellent addition to the scholarly literature on subnational movements, both past and present, offering a range of insights to policymakers across the globe."—Ayesha Jalal, author of *The Struggle for Pakistan* "With judicious use of empirical evidence and rich case studies, Ahsan I. Butt makes a compelling case that states' responses to secessionist movements turn to a considerable degree on their external security environments."—S. Paul Kapur, author of *Jihad as Grand Strategy In Secession and Security*, Ahsan I. Butt argues that states, rather than separatists, determine whether a secessionist struggle will be peaceful, violent, or genocidal. He investigates the strategies, ranging from negotiated concessions to large-scale repression, adopted by states in response to separatist movements. Variations in the external security environment, Butt argues, influenced the leaders of the Ottoman Empire to use peaceful concessions against Armenians in 1908 but escalated to genocide against the same community in 1915; caused Israel to reject a Palestinian state in the 1990s; and shaped peaceful splits in Czechoslovakia in 1993 and the Norway-Sweden union in 1905. Using more than one hundred interviews and extensive archival data, Butt focuses on two main cases—Pakistani reactions to Bengali and Baloch demands for independence in the 1970s and India's responses to secessionist movements in Kashmir, Punjab, and Assam in the 1980s and 1990s. Butt's deep historical approach to his subject will appeal to policymakers and observers interested in the last five decades of geopolitics in South Asia, the contemporary Israeli-Palestinian conflict, and ethno-national conflict, separatism, and nationalism more generally.

About half of today's nation-states originated as some kind of breakaway state. The end of the Cold War witnessed a resurgence of separatist activity affecting nearly every part of the globe and stimulated a new generation of scholars to consider separatism and secession. With the approach of the 150th anniversary of the American Civil War, this collection of essays allows us to view one of the bloodiest conflicts over secession in modern history within a broader international context. The contributors to this volume consider a wide range of topics related to secession, separatism, and the nationalist passions that inflame such conflicts. The first section of the book examines ethical and moral dimensions of secession, while subsequent sections look at the American Civil War, conflicts in the Gulf of Mexico, European separatism, and conflicts in the Middle East, Asia, and Africa. The contributors to this book have no common position advocating or opposing secession in principle or in any particular case. All understand it, however, as a common feature of the modern world and as a historic phenomenon of international scope. Some contributors propose that "political divorce," as secession has come to be called, ought to be subject to rational arbitration and ethical norms, instead of being decided by force. Along with these hopes for the future, *Secession as an International Phenomenon* offers a somber reminder of the cost the United States paid when reason failed and war was

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left to resolve the issue.

This book examines secessionist terrorism in a comparative context across Europe and Eurasia. The volume seeks to uncover comparative linkages between terrorism and secessionism; specifically examining terrorist organizations that also have a political goal of independence. It examines a wide range of case studies, including the IRA in Northern Ireland, ETA in the Basque Country, FLNC in Corsica and ARD in Brittany, KLA in Kosovo, PKK and TAK in Turkish Kurdistan, and IK in Chechnya. In doing so, the book shows the linkages in terrorist tactics and demands, as well as when and how ceasefires come into place. Ultimately, none of the terrorist organizations studied here has obtained their maximalist goal of gaining independence, but each has caused significant bloodshed, and has contributed to the debate on the future of governance in Europe and Eurasia. The major strength of this format is to glean wider lessons on ethno-nationalism, as well as the causes and outcomes of terrorist actions. Each case study also updates the literature on the individual cases to provide the most recent account of events in these countries. This book will be of much interest to students of terrorism and political violence, ethnic conflict, nationalism, European politics and International Relations in general.

In *Liberty and Slavery*, Niels Eichhorn examines the language of slavery, which he considers central to revolutionary struggles, especially those waged in Europe in the nineteenth century. Eichhorn begins in 1830 with separatist movements in Greece, Belgium, and Poland, which laid the foundation for rebellions undertaken later in the century, and then shifts focus to the 1848 uprisings in Ireland, Hungary, and Schleswig-Holstein. He argues that revolutionaries embraced or rejected the language of slavery as they saw fit, using it to justify their rebellions and larger goals. The failure of these insurgencies propelled a wave of revolutionary migrants across the Atlantic world. Those who journeyed to the United States felt the need to adjust to the political and sectional divisions in their new home. Eichhorn shows that separatism was widespread during this period; the secessionist aims of the American Confederacy were by no means unique. Additionally, Eichhorn explores these migrants' motivations for shunning the Confederacy during the American Civil War. Having been steeped in the language of slavery and separatism, they naturally sided with the Union when the sectional crisis culminated in civil war in 1861.

Catalonia: A New Independent State in Europe examines the main issues of the political process which is taking place in Catalonia today. The political confrontation between the Spanish and Catalan institutions has now reached the international arena, especially the debates concerning international recognition of a new Catalan state and its membership of the European Union (EU) and other

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international institutions. There are no precedents for the secession of a region from an EU member country that could be applied to the case of Catalonia. Therefore, it is not surprising that the world has many unanswered questions about the process. This volume aims to provide answers to many of these questions in a systematic and rigorous way. Why has the political scenario in Catalonia changed so radically and so rapidly? Is this new situation only temporary and support for independence is likely to vanish very soon? What role has the deep economic crisis in Catalonia and in Spain played in the process? Is a potential new Catalan state economically viable? Which are the main legal controversies about self-determination and independence between the Spanish and Catalan institutions? Would an independent Catalonia be a member of the EU? This book will be of great use to academics and students in the field of politics and international relations, particularly those interested in European economic and political studies. It will also interest a wide segment of general readers interested in contemporary political issues.

The boundaries between secessionism and separatism are often blurred, and in many cases study of secessionism encompasses that of separatism and vice versa. Recognising this inherent relationship, this book provides a comparative survey of recent attempts at secession and separatist movements from across Europe and Asia, and assesses the responses of the respective host governments. The essays address two main questions which arise from the relationship between state governments and secessionist movements: first, how secessionist or separatist movements gather support and mobilize their target populations and second, how central political authorities respond to the challenges that secessionist or separatist movements pose to their capacity to control the country. With political analysis of recent cases ranging from the Balkans, the USSR, the UK and the Basque Country, to Sri Lanka, Burma, China, Tibet and Taiwan, the authors identify both similarities and differences in the processes and outcomes of secessionist and separatist movements across the two distinct regions. This volume will be an invaluable resource for those who wish to understand the dynamics of secessionist movements and as such will appeal to students and scholars of Asian and European politics, comparative politics, international relations and conflict studies. It will also be helpful to practitioners and policy-makers who wish to understand and contribute to the resolution of such conflicts.

A novel analysis of secessionist movements, explaining state response, the likelihood of conflict, and the proliferation of states since 1945.